Performance Report

For the year ended 31 December 2018

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Hawke's Bay Foundation Entity Information

"Who are we?", "Why do we exist?"

For the year ended
31 December 2018

Legal Name of Entity:	Hawke's Bay Foundation
Type of Entity and Legal Basis (if any):	Registered Charity
Registration Number:	CC28009

Entity's Purpose or Mission:

From Trust Deed: "To carry out every charitable purpose in New Zealand whether relating to the relief of poverty, the advancement of education, the advancement of religion, or any other purpose beneficial to the community, and: a) In all its activities shall provide a public benefit; but b) none of its activities shall result in any private benefit or profit to any individual person".

In practice, the Hawke's Bay Foundation encourages giving throughout the region to build assets and resources for the future generations of the Hawke's Bay community and provides a simple and long lasting way for individuals, families or corporations to leave legacies for local causes.

Entity Structure:

The Board of Trustees consists of not less than five and not more than nine Trustees. Four Trustees are appointed as follows: one Trustee is appointed jointly by the Mayors of the Napier City Council and Hastings District Council; one by the President of the Hawke's Bay branch of the NZ Law Society; one by the Chairman of the Hawke's Bay branch of the NZ Institute of Chartered Accountants; one by the Chairman of the Hawke's Bay Chamber of Commerce. At the Annual General Meeting, at least one third of the Trustees must retire from office but are eligible for re-election. The Trustees to retire will be those who have been longest in office since their last appointment. The Foundation is managed on a day to day basis by four part time contract staff and voluntary Trustees.

Main Sources of the Entity's Cash and Resources:

Donations, bequests and investment income form the main sources of income for the Foundation. Sponsorship in the form of cash, goods and services are also received towards operating costs.

Main Methods Used by the Entity to Raise Funds:

The main method of raising funds is through informing and encouraging the Hawke's Bay community to support the Community Foundation concept.

Entity's Reliance on Volunteers and Donated Goods or Services:

All Trustees are volunteers. Various individuals and organisations support the Foundation through sponsored goods and services such as rent, financial accounting and audit. Where these can be quantified they are included in the notes to these financial statements.

Additional Information:

The Foundation's commencing capital of \$1m was donated by ten Cornerstone contributors each contributing or pledging \$100,000 in 2012.

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Hawke's Bay Foundation Statement of Service Performance

"What did we do?", When did we do it?"

For the year ended 31 December 2018

Description of the Entity's Outcomes:

Mission statement: The Foundation encourages giving throughout the Hawke's Bay region to build assets and resources for current and future generations of our community.

To this end we invite donations, bequests, and other funds to help provide funding to Hawke's Bay community organisations for charitable purposes.

	Actual	Actual
Description and Quantification of the Entity's Outputs:	This Year (12 months)	Last Year (9 months)
Funds Received During Year	lotte versoonen	
Endowment Fund Capital Donations Received during the period	128,442	185,043
Pass Through Funds Received	66,606	44,000
Tindall Foundation Funds received	60,872	59,914
Investment Revenue	52,272	168,934
Total Funds Received	308,192	457,891
Funds Distributed		
Distributions of Foundation funds	84,021	E0 E00
Distributions of Pass Through Funds	64,841	59,500
Distributions of Tindall Foundation Funds	59,920	45,000
Total Funds Distributed	208,782	60,000 164,500
End of Year Position	i massignimusta.	
Endowment Funds Balance (including capital protection reserve)	2 176 072	2 402 670
Distribution Reserve Balance	2,176,973	2,102,679
Pass Through Funds Reserve Balance	87,241	81,553
Tindall Funds Balance	1,765	-
MTG Funds Balance	1,030	77
	247,294	262,492

^{*} For further details of Distributions made and the purpose for distributions over \$5,000 see Note 10.

Statement of Financial Performance

"How was it funded?" and "What did it cost?"

For the year ended

31 December 2018

	25 T & 14	grant of the case of the parties of the case of the ca	
	Note	Actual	Actual
		This Year	Last Year
		(12 months)	(9 months)
		\$	\$
	i		
Revenue	The state of the s		
Donations, fundraising and other similar revenue		255 275	
Revenue from providing services		355,375	371,257
Interest, dividends and other investment revenue		250	250
	1	52,272	168,934
Proceedings of the second control of the sec			
TANIB			
Total Revenue		407,897	540,441
Expenses			
Expenses related to public fundralsing			
Volunteer and contractor related costs	2	63,065	55,315
Costs relating to administration	2	18,310	10,813
Grants and donations made	2	23,570	9,911
Other expenses	2	208,782	164,500
Control Capetions	1 2	616	370
		HE CHEST LAND COMPANY CO.	
Total Expenses		314,343	240,909
Surplus for the Year			and the state of t
on pres for the real		93,554	299,532



Statement of Financial Position

"What the entity owns?" and "What the entity owes?"

As at 31 December 2018

	Note	Actual	Actual
		This Year (12 months) \$	Last Year (9 months) \$
	The Company	V-Contraction of the Contraction	
Assets	A Company of the Comp	an analytical	5
Current Assets	Collection and		
Bank accounts and cash	3	112,385	193,580
Debtors and prepayments	3	22,234	13,181
Other current assets	3	887,065	662,492
Total Current Assets	4	1,021,684	869,253
Non-Current Assets	eregiste entre ent	Section (1) and (1) an	
Property, plant and equipment	4		617
Investments	3	1,669,963	1,741,453
Total Non-Current Assets		1,669,963	1,742,070
Total Assets	emakeni op primmes on	2,691,647	2,611,323
Liabilities	er er en (,), seleman		
Current Liabilities		Vision Co. 1. Co	
Creditors and accrued expenses	3	2,302	1,285
Pending donations and grants with conditions	3	1,030	77
Other current liabilities	3	247,294	262,492
Total Current Liabilities		250,626	263,854
Total Liabilities	et ann	250,626	263,854
Total Assets less Total Liabilities		2,441,021	2,347,469
Accumulated Funds			
Accumulated surpluses	5	175,045	163,237
Reserves	5	2,265,978	2,184,232
Total Accumulated Funds	5	2,441,023	2,347,469
Trustee]	G/3/19 Rate	
Trustee These financial statements must be read in series		26.3.19 Date	WE HOR

Statement of Cash Flows

"How the entity has received and used cash"

For the year ended 31 December 2018

	Actual		
	This Year	Last Year	
	(12 months)	(9 months)	
	\$ _]	\$	
	Section 1 Company of the section of		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	A decided to the second		
Cash was received from:			
Donations, fundraising and other similar receipts	356,328	371,172	
Fund Management Fees	250	250	
Interest, dividends and other investment receipts	74,469	53,561	
Cash was applied to:			
Administration Expenses	103,835	79,299	
Donations or grants paid	208,782	164,500	
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	118,430	181,184	
Cash flows from Investing and Financing Activities			
Cash was received from:		and the second s	
Receipts from the sale of share investments	42,076		
Receipts of MTG Funds	5,960	7,326	
Receipts from Term Investments	836,603	1,031,747	
Cash was applied to:			
Payments from Funds Under Management	21,158	45,250	
Payments to purchase share investments	151,930	9,830	
Transfers to term Investment	911,176	1,155,823	
Net Cash Flows from Investing and Financing Activities	(199,625)	(171,830)	
Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash	(81,195)	9,354	
Opening Cash	193,580	184,226	
Closing Cash	112,385	193,580	
This is represented by:			
Bank Accounts and Cash	112,385	193,580	

Statement of Accounting Policies

"How did we do our accounting?"

For the year ended 31 December 2018

Basis of Preparation

Hawke's Bay Foundation has elected to apply PBE SFR-A (NFP) Public Benefit Entity Simple Format Reporting - Accrual (Not-For-Profit) on the basis that it does not have public accountability and has total annual expenses of equal to or less than \$2,000,000. All transactions in the Performance Report are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The Performance Report is prepared under the assumption that the entity will continue to operate in the foreseeable future. All amounts are presented in New Zealand Dollars (NZD) and are rounded to the nearest dollar.

Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Hawke's Bay Foundation is not registered for GST. Therefore amounts recorded in the Performance Report are inclusive of GST (if any).

Income Tax

Hawke's Bay Foundation is wholly exempt from New Zealand income tax having fully complied with all statutory conditions for these exemptions.

Bank Accounts and Cash

Bank accounts and cash in the Statement of Cash Flows comprise cash balances and bank balances (including short term deposits) with original maturities of 90 days or less.

Revenue

Revenue is recognised on an accruals basis.

Property, Plant & Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are recognised at cost less aggregate depreciation. Depreciation has been calculated using the maximum permitted for taxation purposes. The following rates are used: Office Equipment 39.6% - 60%.

Investments

Share Investments

The fair value of the share investments has been determined by reference to their quotes prices at the reporting date. All share investments are publicly traded on stock exchanges in New Zealand and Australia. Gains and losses are recorded within Investment revaluation.

Term Investments

Term Investments are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and financial liability or equity instrument in another entity.

Financial instruments are comprised of cash and cash equivalents, term investments, share investments, accounts payables. unused donations and grants with conditions, and other current liabilities.

Statement of Accounting Policies

"How did we do our accounting?"

For the year ended 31 December 2018

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus transaction costs attributable to the acquisition, except for those carried at fair value through surplus or deficit, which are measured at fair value. Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the reporting entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Derecognition of financial instruments

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or if the entity transfers the financial asset to another party without retaining control or substantial all risks and rewards of the asset.

A financial liability is derecognised when it is extinguished, discharged, cancelled or expires. Subsequent measurement of financial assets

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification, which is primarily determined by the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of financial assets at initial recognition into one of four categories defined below, and re-evaluates this designation at each reporting date.

All financial assets except for those classified as fair value through profit or loss are subject to review for impairment at least at each reporting date. Different criteria to determine impairment are applied to each category of financial assets, which are described below.

The classification of financial instruments into one of the four categories below, determines the basis for subsequent measurement and whether any resulting movements in value are recognised in the reported surplus and deficit or other comprehensive revenue and expense.

(i) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. The entity's cash and cash equivalents fall into this category of financial instruments.

After initial recognition such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest

method, less provision for impairment.

(ii) Financial assets at fair value through surplus or deficit

Financial assets at fair value through surplus or deficit include financial assets that are either classified as held for trading or that meet certain conditions and are designated at fair value through surplus or deficit upon initial recognition. The entity's held for trading financial assets include share investments.

Assets in this category are measured at fair value with gains or losses recognised in the surplus or deficit for the year. The fair values of financial instruments in this category are provided by the Investment Manager and are determined by reference to active market transactions or using a valuation technique where no active market exists.

iii) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity other than loans and receivables. Investments are classified as held-to-maturity if the entity has the intention and ability to hold them until maturity. The entity's term investments are classified as held-to-maturity investments.



Statement of Accounting Policies

"How did we do our accounting?"

For the year ended 31 December 2018

Held-to-maturity investments are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. If there is objective evidence that the investment is impaired, determined by reference to external credit ratings, the financial asset is measured at the present value of estimated future cash flows. Any changes to the carrying amount of the investment, including impairment losses, are recognised in surplus or deficit.

iv) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are either designated to this category or do not qualify for inclusion in any of the other categories of financial assets. The entity does not have any available-for-sale financial assets.

Equity instruments are measured at cost less any impairment charges, where the fair value cannot currently be estimated reliably.

All other available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value. Gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expenses and reported within the "available-for-sale revaluation reserve" within equity, except for impairment losses which are recognised in the surplus or deficit for the year.

When the asset is disposed of or is determined to be impaired the cumulative gain or loss recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expenses is reclassified from the equity reserve to the surplus or deficit and presented as a reclassification adjustment within other comprehensive revenue and expenses.

Interest income or dividends on available-for-sale financial assets are recognised in the surplus or deficit.

Available-for-sale financial instruments are reviewed at each reporting date for objective evidence that the investment is impaired. Objective evidence would include a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the investment below its cost.

Subsequent measurement of financial liabilities

Trade payables and other borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Changes in Accounting Policies

There have been no changes in accounting policies during the financial year. Comparative amounts have been reclassified where necessary to be consistent within the current period.

Tier 2 PBE Accounting Standards Applied

The Trustees have adopted the following Tier 2 PBE Accounting Standards in the preparation of these accounts:

- PBE IPSAS 28 Financial Instruments: Presentation
- PBE IPSAS 29 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement
- PBE IPSAS 30 Financial Instruments: Disclosure

The impact of the adoption is to revalue investments to market value at balance date, refer to the policy on financial instruments



Notes to the Performance Report

For the year ended 31 December 2018

Note 1 : Analysis of Revenue

		This Year	Last Year
Revenue Item	Analysis	(12 months)	(9 months)
Donations and other similar revenue	The state of the s	\$	\$
	Donations - Community Impact Fund	8,742	10 500
	Donations - Administration Costs	15,407	10,501
	Donations - Named Fund	119,700	22,214
	Donations - Pass Through	66,606	174,542
	Corporate Partnership Sponsorship	80,000	44,000
	Distrubuted funds returned to HB Foundation	5,000	60,000
	Tindall Donation Funds Released	59,920	-
	Total	355,375	60,000
		333,373	371,257
Revenue Item	Analysis	\$	\$
Revenue from providing services	Fund Management Fees - MTG	250	250
	Total	250	250
			and any or worth and the second of the second and entered the
Revenue Item	Analysis	Ś	Ś
nterest, dividends and other investment	Interest	28,304	19,657
evenue	Dividends	55,310	41,585
	Investment Revaluation	(33,016)	107,692
	Other Investment Income	1,674	107,032
	Total	52,272	168,934



Notes to the Performance Report

For the year ended 31 December 2018

Note 2 : Analysis of Expenses

Proprieto State Continuento Colonna (Colonna Colonna C		This Year (12 months)	Last Year (9 months)
Expense Item	Analysis	\$	\$
Expenses Relating to Public Fundraising	Contractor Expenses	53,394	42,594
	Marketing and Promotion	9,671	12,721
	Total	63,065	55,315
Expense Item	Analysis	the state of the s	_
Volunteer and Contractor related costs	Contractor Expenses	\$	\$
To Charles To T. W. Marker St.	Total	18,310 18,310	10,813 10,813
Expense Item			10,013
Costs related to administration	Analysis	\$	\$
costs related to administration	Bank Charges	239	40
	Communication Expenses	319	349
	Computer, Website & Software Expenses	3,221	1,737
	General Expenses	1,505	1,428
	Insurance	1,432	• Stigming
	Printing, Stationery & Postage	870	246
	Rent	15,270	5,090
	Subscriptions	714	1,021
	Total	23,570	9,911
Expense Item	The state of the state of the second state of		
Grants and donations made	Analysis	\$	\$
erants and donations made	Distributions - Foundation Funds	84,021	59,500
	Distributions - Pass Through Funds	64,841	45,000
	Distributions - Tindall Funds	59,920	60,000
	Total	208,782	164,500
xpense Item	Analysis	\$	Ś
Other Expenses	Depreciation	616	370
	Total	616	370



Notes to the Performance Report

For the year ended 31 December 2018

Note 3: Analysis of Assets and Liabilities

	Control of the Contro	This Year (12 months)	Last Year (9 months)
Asset Item	Analysis	\$	COLORADO E NO PARENCIA LOS
Bank accounts and cash	BNZ Cheque Account	108,298	79,497
	BNZ Cash PIE Account	4,087	4.083
	BNZ Term Investments with term 90 days & under	Control of the section of the sectio	110,000
	Total	112,385	193,580
Asset Item	Analysis	Ś	Ś
Debtors and prepayments	Accrued Interest receivable	22,234	11,888
	Prepayments		1,293
	Total	22,234	13,181
Asset Item	Analysis	Ś	\$
Other current assets	Term Investments	887,065	662,492
	Total	887,065	662,492
Asset Item	Analysis	\$	\$
nvestments	Share Investments	1,519,963	1,441,453
	Term Investments mat > 12m after bal date	150,000	300,000
	Total	1,669,963	1,741,453



Hawke's Bay Foundation Notes to the Performance Report

For the year ended 31 December 2018

Note 3: Analysis of Assets and Liabilities

	This Year (12 months)	Last Year (9 months)
Ser Adabase Agrana	\$	Ś
Accounts Payable	103	287
Accrued interest payable	The second secon	998
Total	The second section is a second	Control of the second of the s
See a service and the second s	the second section of the second section of the second second second second second second second second second	1,285
Analysis	\$	ė
Tindall Funds balance	1.030	77
Total	1,030	77
Analysis		
\$ TO THE PARTY OF	.	\$
Control of the second s	247,294	262,492
lotal	247,294	262,492
	Total Analysis Tindall Funds balance	Analysis \$ Accounts Payable 103 Accrued interest payable 2,199 Total 2,302 Analysis \$ Tindall Funds balance 1,030 Total 1,030 Analysis \$ MTG Funds Balance 247,294



Notes to the Performance Report

For the year ended 31 December 2018

Note 4 : Property, Plant and Equipment

This Year (12 months)	To answer the state of the stat				
Asset Class	Opening Carrying Amount	Purchases	Sales/Disposals	Current Year Depreciation and Impairment	Closing Carrying Amount
Computers (including software)	617			617	
Total	617			617	The state of the s

Last Year (9 months)					
	Opening Carrying Amount	Purchases	Sales/Disposals	Depreciation and	Closing Carrying Amount
Asset Class					Allouit
Computers (including software)	987		1	370	617
Total	987			The state of the s	617
			The second secon	370	617



Notes to the Performance Report

For the year ended 31 December 2018

	Note 5: Accumulate	ed Funds			
This Year (12 months)					
Description	Capital Contributed by Owners or Members	Accumulated Surpluses or Deficits	Reserves	Total	
Opening Balance		163,237	2,184,232	2,347,46	
Surplus	-	93,554	Perilik Perilik kang Perilik perilik perilik Manadakan di Perilik Perilik Salah Sala	93,55	
Transfer to Reserves		(81,746)	81,746		
Closing Balance		175,045	2,265,978	2,441,02	
Last Year (9 months)				The or own on the late and	
Description	Capital Contributed by Owners or Members	Accumulated Surpluses or Deficits	national and a parameter of a parame	er of regression because i.e.	
Opening Balance	members .	The state of the second of the	Reserves	Total	
Surplus	The state of the s	137,961	1,909,976	2,047,93	
ransfer to Reserves		(274,256)	274.250	299,5	
Closing Balance		163,237	274,256 2,184,232	2,347,46	
Breakdown of Reserves			This Year (12 months)	Last Year (9 months)	
A STATE OF THE STA	Nature and Purpos		\$	\$	
Endowment Funds Capital Protection Reserve	This reserve comprises two elements: 1. An amount to preserve the real value of endowment fund capital against annual inflation. 2. A reserve to smooth the effects of market volatility reflected in unrealised gains from investment holdings.		284,117	338,266	
histribution Reserve	Distributable Incom		87,241	81,553	
ass Through Distribution Reserve	End of year balance contributed by don- distribution to a cha	ors - held pending arity specifed by the	1,765		
ndowment Funds Capital	Endowment Funds contributed by don	- actual capital	1,892,856	1,764,413	
	Total	2,265,979	2,184,232		



Notes to the Performance Report

For the year ended

Note 6: Commitments and Contingencies

Commitments

Hawke's Bay Foundation is currently renting office space from Hatmar Holdings Limited on a monthly basis at \$1,272.52 per month.

Contingent Liabilities and Guarantees

There are no contingent liabilities or guarantees as at balance date (Last Year - nil)



Notes to the Performance Report

For the year ended 31 December 2018

Notes 7-9

Note 7 - Goods or Services Provided to the Entity in Kind:

Amounts included where known.

Description	This Year (12 months)	Last Year (9 months)		
Crowe Horwath - Audit services	5,000	5,000		
Band Ltd - Design		1		
Bay Buzz -advertising	7			
B Penny - Financial support	7	1		
Brebner Print - printing	✓	1		
First NZ Capital	1	1		
Giselle Reid / Quarto (1-off design of flyer for HBPCT)	✓	((2))		
Lift The Load - Rachel McKay	√	1		
Lucy Dobbs - Marketing, PR, Comms	1	1		
MCA Associates - Investment oversight	V	1		
NZ Digital - Website	1	√		
PR Ink - Sarah Nash PR - part	✓	1		
Reputation Matters - Marketing	on the second se	√		
Sharesight	✓	1		
Stick - Marketing		1		

Note 8 - Related Party Disclosures:

Wineworks Hawke's Bay and Hawke's Bay Foundation are related through Trustee Jules Nowell-Usticke - a shareholder of Wineworks Hawke's Bay.

Sam Howard is an investment advisor with First NZ Capital. He is also a Trustee of First NZ Capital provide investment services to Hawke's Bay Hawke's Bay Foundation.

Andrew Wares is a partner of Sainsbury, Logan, Williams. He is also a Trustee of Hawke's Bay Foundation.

Brian Martin is a Director of Hatmar Holdings Limited. He is also a Trustee of Hawke's Bay Foundation. Brian retired as a Trustee at the end of 2018.

Sarah Mulcahy was an Area Manager for Plunket NZ and is a Trustee of Hawke's Bay Foundation.

Sarah Reo has a close family connection with project Prima Volta.

within Hawke's Bay Foundation for the purpose of providing two annual scholarships to EIT students.

Foundation at no cost.

Andrew provides legal services to Hawke's Bay Foundation at no

Hawke's Bay Foundation lease office space from Hatmar Holdings Limited.

Plunket HB received a Tindall Foundation grant administered by Hawke's Bay Foundation during the period and the prior year. Sarah was not involved in the decision to award the grants.

Project Prima Volta received a pass through grant administered by Hawke's Bay Foundation.

In their personal capacity, Trustees may provide donations to Hawke's Bay Foundation

Note 9 - Events After the Balance Date:

There were no events that have occurred after the balance date that would have a material impact on the Performance Report. (Last Year Nil)

Notes to the Performance Report

For the year ended 31 December 2018

Note 10 - Distribution Recipients

The following distributions were made during the year ended 31 December 2018:

Age Concern HB				-	Tindall	Pass Through	Total
Age Concern HN	Salary for 'Let's Share' Mgr			\$	6,250		6,25
Autism NZ		\$	2,500				2,50
Barnados		\$	700				700
Big Brothers Big Sisters HB	Salaries - children's contact service			\$	6,000		6,000
Birthright				\$	3,500		3,500
Breathe HB		\$	2,500				2,500
CAB Hastings		\$	2,000				2,000
CAB Napier		\$	2,500				2,500
Camp Kaitawa Trust		\$	3,500				3,500
Canteen HB				\$	1,500		1,500
CCS Disability Action		\$	1,500				1,500
		\$	2,000				2,000
CHB Budget Service				\$	4,000		4,000
CHB Parents Centre			-	\$	2,000		The party of the last of the l
Child Matters				Ś	4,000		2,000
Christian Lovelink				\$	2,000		4,000
Connecting for Youth Employment				\$	2,000		2,000
Cranford Hospice		\$	970	Ť	2,000		2,000
Dove HB		\$	3,500	-			970
nglish Language Partners		+-	0,000	Ś	750		3,500
pic Ministeries		\$	2,500	7	730		750
quippers Hastings Trust		\$	1,000				2,500
amily Works		\$	2,000				1,000
lastings Community Patrol		1	2,000	\$	4.000		2,000
IB Orchestra		\$	1,000	->	4,000		4,000
B Youth Trust - Giants		\$	2,250				1,000
Peretaunga Seniors		\$	2,000			885	3,135
eretaunga Womens Centre	Donor directed distribution	\$	-				2,000
eg-up Trust	The state of the s	\$	3,500			53,521	57,021
apier Community Foodbank	Operation & admin costs	13	2,500				2,500
apier Family Centre	Wages	+		\$	5,670		5,670
apier Hearing Assn	Trages.	5		\$	7,250		7,250
ga Kairauhii Trust		5	1,000	-			1,000
ourished for Nil		13	2,000				2,000
rokohanga Music Trust		+		\$	4,000		4,000
akeke Centre		\$	2,500				2,500
arkinson's HB		\$	3,000				3,000
aul Henare & Paora Winitana		\$	1,500	-			1,500
oul Hunter Centre		\$	2,250				2,250
unket HB		\$	4,500				4,500
oject Prima Volta	6-2-1-1	\$	2,500	-			2,500
nukatauri Music Therapy Trust	Donor directed distribution	\$	3,000			10,435	13,435
erwood School	Donor discorded died the st	\$	1,000				1,000
ELD	Donor directed distribution	\$	325				325
mmer in the Parks		\$	1,000	-			1,000
staining HB		\$	1,000				1,000
radale School		\$	2,000				2,000
ctim Support	Donor directed distribution	\$	5,026				5,026
airoa Financial Literarcy Service		\$	4,500				4,500
harariki Trust	Children in the control of the contr	\$	3,000				3,000
neworks Scholarship	Child healthy housing programme	1		\$	7,000		7,000
	Donor directed distribution	\$	2,000				2,000
uth Development Trust al Education Trust		\$	1,000				1,000
al EUULAUON TEUST		\$	2,500	-			2,500





Crowe Horwath New Zealand Audit Partnership

Member Crowe Horwath International

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Beneficiaries of Hawke's Bay Foundation

Opinion

We have audited the performance report of Hawke's Bay Foundation (the Trust) on pages 2 to 18, which comprises the entity information, the statement of service performance, the statement of financial performance and statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2018, the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2018, and the statement of accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion:

- a) the reported outcomes and outputs, and quantification of the outputs to the extent practicable, in the statement of service performance are suitable; and
- b) the performance report on pages 2 to 19 presents fairly, in all material respects,:
 - the entity information for the year ended 31 December 2018;
 - the service performance for the year ended 31 December 2018; and
 - the financial position of the Trust as at 31 December 2018, and its financial performance, and cash flows for the year then ended

in accordance with Public Benefit Entity Simple Format Reporting – Accrual (Not-For-Profit).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the statement of financial performance, statement of financial position, statement of cash flows, statement of accounting policies and notes to the performance report in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) (ISAs (NZ)), and of the entity information and statement of service performance in accordance with the International Standard on Assurance Engagements (New Zealand) ISAE (NZ) 3000. Our responsibilities under these standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Performance Report* section of our report.

We are independent of the Trust in accordance with Professional and Ethical Standard 1 (Revised) *Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners* issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other than in our capacity as auditor we have no relationship with, or interests in, the Trust.



Responsibilities of the Trustees for the Performance Report

The Trustees are responsible on behalf of the entity for:

- (a) Identifying outcomes and outputs, and quantifying the outputs to the extent practicable, that are relevant, reliable, comparable and understandable, to report in the statement of service performance;
- (b) The preparation and fair presentation of the performance report, which comprises:
 - the entity information;
 - the statement of service performance; and
 - the statement of financial performance, statement of financial position, statement of cash flows, statement of accounting policies and notes to the performance report

in accordance with Public Benefit Entity Simple Format Reporting – Accrual (Not-For-Profit) issued in New Zealand by the New Zealand Accounting Standards Board; and

(c) For such internal control as the Trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the performance report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the performance report, the Trustees are responsible for assessing the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustees either intend to liquidate the Trust or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Performance Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the performance report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (NZ) and ISAE (NZ) 3000 will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of users taken on the basis of this performance report.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (NZ) and ISAE (NZ) 3000, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the performance report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion, including performing procedures to obtain evidence about and evaluating whether the reported outcomes and outputs and quantification of the outputs to the extent practicable, are relevant, reliable, comparable and understandable. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Trust's internal control.



- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Trustees and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the performance report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Trust to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the performance report, including the disclosures, and whether the performance report represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Trustees regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Crowe Horwath New Zealand Audit Partnership

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Crowe Horwath

26 March 2019